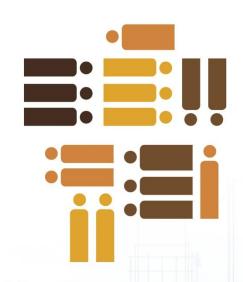
CBE

TRANSFORMATION INDABA

CSIR ICC Pretoria

7-8 February 2019



The South African
Council for Planners
S A C P L A N

Reinventing Planning.

Changing Lives.



Transforming a Profession: Going beyond Statistics





Layout



- Introduction
- Contextualise Planning in South Africa
- Some "definitions"
- SACPLAN's approach
- Conceptual Framework of Transformation
- The Stats





Introduction





SACPLAN is a Statutory Council of nominated members appointed in terms of the Planning Profession Act, 2002.





Section 2(c)(i) of the Planning Profession Act, 2002 states:

"The Council and the planning profession must - strive to achieve the transformation of the profession to ensure its legitimacy and effectiveness;".





Contextualise Planning in South Africa

Contextualising the Planning Profession in South Africa

Looking Back

- Initiated during colonial years
- Planning worked hand in hand with state to achieve overarching goal of spatially (economically and socially) segregated development and communities
- Profession severely discredited

Contextualising the Planning Profession in South Africa

"the Government of National Unity inherited a society marked by deep social and economic inequalities, as well as by serious racial, political and social divisions"

White Paper on the Transformation of Public Service 1995:2

Contextualising the Planning Profession in South Africa

Looking Forward – Contextual factors regarding future role, function, importance

- Level of economic inequality
- Level of consumption of fossil fuels is high
- Becoming a predominantly urban orientated society
- Legacy of influx control and racial segregation have negative impact
- Large parts of population live in place with low economic potential





Some "definitions"





CBE – "Transformational changes can occur in various aspects including structure, culture, product or services, diversity (race, age, gender, and backgrounds) or simply doing thing differently."

cbe.org.za/transformation/





SACPLAN – "The concept of transformation derives from the Greek work "metanoia" which literally means "beyond the mind.""

SACPLAN Transformation Strategy





SACPLAN – "It's an idea of stretching or pushing beyond the boundaries with which we normally think and feel. It means a profound change in mind, a radical revision, a transformation of our whole mental process, a paradigm shift."

SACPLAN Transformation Strategy





SACPLAN's approach





SACPLAN adopted the motto "Reinventing planning, changing lives"

SACPLAN wanted to ensure that the urban and regional planning curriculum responds to the requirement to transform the profession.





Urban Transformation is multi-dimensional.

Epistemological, Conceptual, Moral, Empirical, Institutional, Managerial, Programmatic.

Williams, 2000





Epistemological Dimension

Origin and nature of sets of knowledge about social change, which in turn, reflects our thinking and cognition about the world – new theories, methods, and practice have emerge as valid ways of knowing and questioning





Conceptual Dimension

New visions of society and of the urban setting – new vision incorporates an inclusive, unprejudiced, 'democratic' society





Historical, Moral Dimension

The adoption of new visions of urban change, such as integration, compaction and densification, are geared towards eradication of spatial ills





Institutional Dimension

Change in institutional practices – Municipalities have adopted policies that targets rural areas, youth, disabled, etc.





Managerial Dimension

Statutory documents that have put specific managerial requirements for guiding implementation and planning, e.g. Municipal Systems Act, Municipal Structures Act, PFMA.









- Seeks to make an appeal to the person the individual planner.
- Argues for an intrinsic process that redefines transformation from perspective of changing attitudes.
- Seeks to promote expression of new values, principles and premises of thought.
- Emphasises the transformation of the mind, space, practice and society at large.





Mind include:

Attitude, beliefs, perceptions, ideas, imagination and consciousness

Space can be:

An open thing, container, abstraction, metaphor, or social construct

Practice are:

Approaches, behaviours, habits, gestures / signs, absence / presence, action or no action

Society:

Can be defined by traditions, beliefs, or values, sectors, scale, interest, etc.





Mind: what we think, imagine, believe, choose, create

Thoughts determine orientation of everything we do, evoke the feelings, motivate our actions

Space can be:
An open thing, container,
abstraction, metaphor, or
social construct





Practice: bring into human environment different approaches, behaviours, habits, gestures / signs, action or no action

See anew potential of parks, downtowns, waterfronts, streets

Society:

Can be defined by traditions, beliefs, or values, sectors, scale, interest, etc.





Mind include:
Attitude, beliefs,
perceptions, ideas,
imagination and
consciousness

Space can be physical space or social construct

Change symbolic and material aspect of space to embrace traditions, beliefs, customs, history, instituions





Practice are:

Approaches, behaviours, habits, gestures / signs, absence / presence, action or no action

Society: change set of values and principles, behaviours, attitudes, polices and structures

When society recognizes, respects, and values all cultures and integrate values





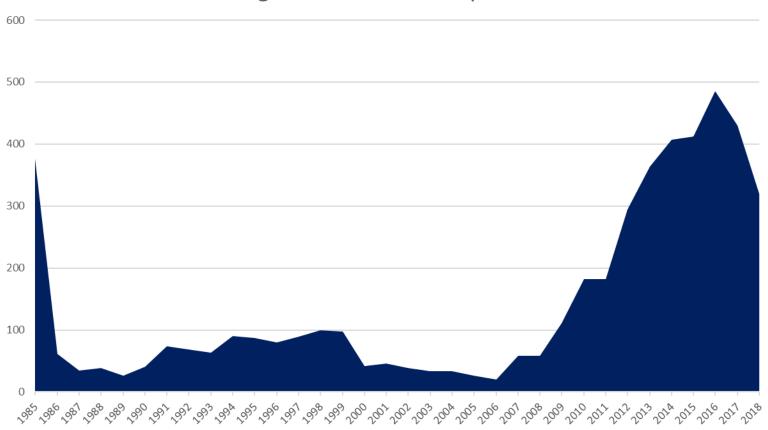
The Stats





Registrations

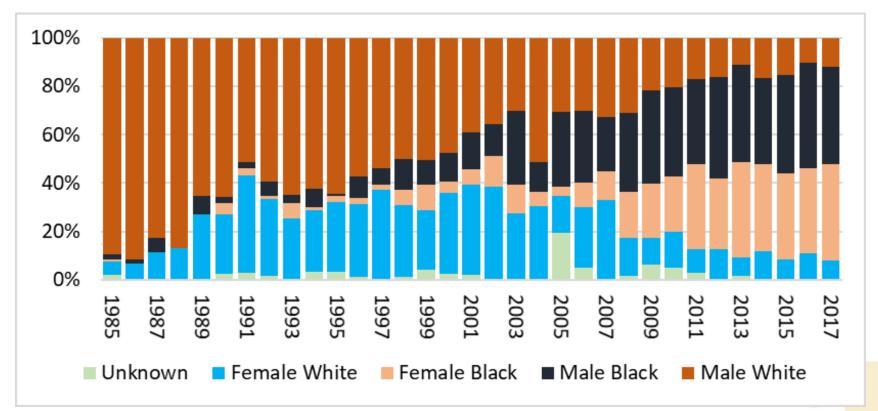
Registrations 1985- Sept 2018







Registrations (Profile)







SACPLAN is committed to transformation in spatial planning through:

Transformation of the MIND
Transformation of PRACTICE
Transformation of SPACE
Transformation of SOCIETY

Thank you

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